

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

JUSTIFICATION OF ESTIMATES FOR FISCAL YEAR 1983 SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS

FEBRUARY 1982



PART 2 OF 7 PARTS (MISSILES)

PROCUREMENT

· PROGRAMS

AIRCRAFT

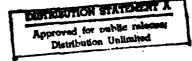
MISSILES

WEAPONS & TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES

AMMUNITION

OTHER

NATIONAL GUARD EQUIP



REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
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Justification of Estimates for Fiscal Year 1983, Submitted to Congress February 1982, Procurement	4 TYPE OF REPORT & PERSON COVERES Army Procurement Budget Justification, FY 1983
Programs, Aircraft, Missiles, Weapons & Tracked Cbt Veh., Ammunition & Other Procurement. Army	6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER
· AUTHOR(s)	8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(e)
Department of the Army	·
PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS HQDA, Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Research, Development, and Acquisition (DAMA-PPP-B) Washington, DC 20310	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS
1. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS	12. REPORT DATE
HQDA, Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for	February 1982
Research, Development, and Acquisition(DAMA-AOA-S) Washington, DC 20310	504 (including all parts)
4. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(II different from Controlling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)
	UNCLASSIFIED
	SE DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING
DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)	

17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the obstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)

18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

Army Procurement Programs Budget Justification Book covering Aircraft, Missiles, Weapons and Tracked Combat Vehicles, Ammunition and Other Procurement, Army Appropriations programs submitted by the Army to Congress February 1982 for Fiscal Year 1983

8. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse alds it reseasesy and identify by block number)

In justification of programs requested, this document, in separate volume for each of the five Procurement Appropriations, provides backup data for the Army Budget submission for FY 1983. Included are Summaries of Requirements, Program and Financing Statements and Selected Data Sheets._ (This document has been declassified for NTIS distribution).

February 1982

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

PROCUREMENT APPROPRIATIONS

JUSTIFICATION OF ESTIMATES FOR FISCAL YEARS 1983, 1984

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

JUSTIFICATION OF ESTIMATES FOR FISCAL YEARS 1983, 1984

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MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

Section 1

Budget Appendix Extract

Language

Program and Financing Schedule
Object Classification Schedule

2-1 Pebruary 1982

APPROPRIATION LANGUAGE

For construction, procurement, production, modification, and modernization of missites, equipment, including ordnance, ground handling equipment, spare parts, and accessories therefor; specialized equipment and training devices; expansion of public and private plants, including the land necessary therefor, without regard to section 4774, title 10, United States Code, for the foregoing purposes, and such lands and interests therein, may be acquired, and construction prosecuted thereon prior to approval of title as required by section 355, Revised Statutes, as amended; and procurement and installation of equipment, appliances, and machine tools in public and private plants; reserve plant and Government and contractor-owned equipment layaway; and other expenses necessary for the foregoing purposes; (\$2,155,200,000) \$2,846,600,000 to remain available for obligation until September 30, (1984) 1985. (1)

Explanation of Changes

- (1) To change the amount of appropriation requested for FY 1983.
- '2) To change the obligation expiration date for the FY 1983 program.

2-2 February 1982

Program and Financing (in thousands of dollars)							
Identification code 21-2032-0-1-051	Budget plan (amounts for sification code 21-2032-0-1-051 procurement actions programed)				Obligations		
••••••	1981 actual	1982 est.	1983 ost.	1981 actual	1982 est.	1983 est.	
Program by activities: Direct:		•					
2. Other missiles 3. Hedification of missiles 4. Speres and repair parts 6. Support equipment and facilities	1,191,311 208,189 100,319 45,081	1,514,400 305,000 246,600 89,200	2,400,300 93,000 233,300 120,000	1,286,783 131,767 105,819 47,060	1,347,081 365,773 241,759 77,502	2,254,504 120,917 229,444 115,142	
Total direct Roimbursable program •	1,544,900 379,081	2,155,200 715,500	2,846,600 254,100	1,871,419	2,032,116 609,713	2,720,007 376,227	
10.0001 Total	1,923,981	2,870,700	3,100,700	1,926,560	2,641,820	3,096,234	
Financing: Offsetting collections from:				•			
11.0001 Fodoral funds 13.0001 Trust funds 14.0001 Non-fodoral sources	-97,971 -281,076 -34	-232,100 -483,400	-94,100 -160,000	-97,405 -250,418 -48	-232,100 -483,400	-94, 100 -160, 000	
17.0001 Recoveries of prior year obligations(-) Unobligated balance evaluable, start of year:				-6,519		*********	
21.4001 For completion of prior year budget plans 21.4002 Reprograming from or to prior year budget plan 24.4001 Unobligated balance evallable, and of year	-6,363	•••••		-421,248 - 387,571	-387,571 616,443	-\$18,443 620,908	
25,0001 Unobligated balance lapsing	6,383			6,363		••••••	
39,0001 Budget authority	1,544,900	2,155,200	2,846,600	1,544,900	2,155,200	2,846,600	
Budget euthority: 48.0001 Appropriation 42.0001 Transferred from other accounts	1,544,900	2,131,200 24,000	2,848,600	1,644,900	2,131,200 24,000	2,846,600	
49.0001 Appropriation (edjusted)	1,644,900	2,165,200	2,646,600	1,544,900	2,155,200	2, 846, 600	
Relation of obligations to outlays: 71.0001 Obligations incurred, net 72.4001 Obligated belance, start of year 74.4001 Obligated belance, end of year 77.0001 Adjustments in expired eccounts 78.0001 Adjustments in unexpired eccounts				1,676,712 1,014,717 -1,476,949 38,304 -6,619	1,926,926 1,478,949 -1,902,277	2,642,134 1,902,277 -2,660,511	

2-3 February 1982

Army	Himmilian Principalments, Army			48 717 80
•	Object Classification (in thousands of dollars)	•		
Identification code 21-2032-0-1-051		1961 actual	1982 est.	1963 est.
Biroct obligations: Other services: 125.004 Other 126.001 Supplies and materials 131.001 Equipment 189.001 Total direct obligations		351,633 785,526 434,260	523,639 673,267 634,969	670,658 1,214,422 934,727 2,720,007
Reimbursable obligations: Other services: 225.004 Other 226.001 Supplies and materials 231.001 Equipment	•	79, 804 176, 800 98, 557	86,565 354,397 166,751	69,452 170,074 116,701
299.001 Total reimbursable obligat	: lens	355,161	609,713	376, 227

Army	HI	esile Procurem	ment, Army .				08 FEB 82		
•	Program end	Finencing (in	thousands of	/ dollers)		1976 Fiscal year program			
Identifi	cation code 21-2032-0-1-051		t pien (emou		Øbligetiens				
•		1981 ectuel	1982 est.	1983 ost.	1981 ectuel	1982 ost.	1983 est.		
	gram by activities: irect:								
·	2. Other missiles				7,049				
	3. Modification of missiles				3,798				
	4. Speres end repair parts				6,717				
	B. Support equipment and facilities				91		• • • • • • • • •		
	•								
	Total direct				17,658				
	Reimbursable program				10,631				
10.0001	Total		• • • • • • • • • • •		26,166	• • • • • • • • • • •			
F	Inencing:								
_	Offsetting collections from:	_							
11.0001	Adjustment to prior year federal fund ord				1,323 3,293		******		
13.0001	Adjustment to prior year trust fund order				3,203	*******			
14.0001	Adjustment to non-federal sources	********			-2,704				
17.0001	Recoveries of prior year obligations(-)				-2,704				
	Unebligated belance evallable, start of year				-38,472				
21.4001	For completion of prior year budget plans Reprograming from or to prior year budget plans	-6,383							
21.4002	Unabligated belance labsing	6,303			6, 363		*********		
25.0001	Autoritaria parames rebaile	********				• • • • • • • • • •			
40 0001	Budget authority								

2-5 February 1982

Army	Pila:	site Procurem	ent, Army .				06 FEB 62		
	Program and I	gram and financing (in thousands of dollars)				1980 Fiscal year program			
[dentifi	cation code 21-2032-0-1-051		t plan (emour		Obligations				
•		1961 actual	1 96 2 0st.	1963 ost.	1981 actual	1982 est.	1983 est.		
	ogram by activities:		•						
ū	iroct: 2. Other missiles 3. Modification of missiles 4. Speres end repair parts 5. Support equipment and facilities				164,836 31,977 20,341 6,346	31,081 2,644 14,604 584			
	Total direct' Reimbursable program		.,.,,,,,,,		223,502 69,972	40,883 10,626			
10.0001	Total			.,,	293,474	68,811			
11,0001 13,0001	Financing: Offsetting collections from: Adjustment to prior year fedoral fund orders Adjustment to prior year trust fund orders		, ,,,,,,,,,,		-767 27,36 <u>6</u>	;: ;:			
14.0001 97.0001 21.4001 24.4001	Adjustment to non-federal Acurces Recoveries of prior year obligations(-) Unabligated belance evaliable, start of year Unabligated belance evaliable, and of year	*********		*********	-5 -3,818 -384,776 66,511	-80,611			
40.0001	Budget authority								

2-6 February 1982

.

	Missite Procurement, Army				00 FEB 82	
Program	end Financing (in	thousands of	dollars)		1981 Fiscel y	eer program
ion codo 21-2032-0-1-051		t plan (amour t actions pro			Obligations	
	1981 actuel	1982 est.	1983 øst.	1961 ectuel	1962 est.	1903 est.
n by activities:		•				
ct: Other missiles . Modification of missiles . Speres and repeir perts . Support equipment and facilities	1,191,311 208,169 100,319 45,081			1,114,598 95,982 76,761 40,621	28,760 103,879 17,645 1,128	47,653 e,32e 4,013 9,331
Total direct Roimburseble program	1,544,900 379,081		,	1,330,262 274,656	151,312 69,235	63,325 15,188
Total	1,923,981			1,604,920	240,547	76,613

......

.....

-97,971 -281,076 -34

919,060 1,544,900

10.0001

40.0001

Financing:
Offsotting collections from:
If Fodoral funds
Trust funds
Hon-fodoral sources
Unabligated balance evallable, atant of year

1,544,900

Army	Missile Procurem	ont, Army				08 FEB 82
Program as	nd Financing (in	thousands of	f dollars)		1962 Flacel y	eer program
identification code		t plan (emou t actions pr			Obligations	
	1981 actual	1982 ast.	1983 est.	1981 ectuel	1982 est.	1983 est.
Progrem by activities:						
Diroct:		•				
2. Other missiles		1,514,400			1,287,240	166,584
3. Modification of missiles		305,000			259,250	33,550 27,12 6
4. Spenes and repair perts		246,600			209,610 75,620	9, 811
Support equipment end facilities		89,200			70,020	
		2,155,200			1,631,920	237, 071
Total direct	• • • • • • • • • •	715,500			500,650	163,169
Reimbursable program .		710,000				
10.0001 Total ·	,	2,670,700	*		2, 332, 770	420,240
Finencina:						
Offsetting collections from:						
11.0001 Fodoral funds		-232,100			-232,100	
13,0001 Trust funds		-483,400	,		-483,400	**********
21.4001 Unobligated balance available, start of yea	r				*********	-637,930
24.4001 Unobligated balance evallable, and of year				,,,,,,,,,,	537,930	117,690
39.0001 Budget authority		2,155,200			2,155,200	
Budget authority:		2,131,200			2,131,200	
40,0001 Appropriation		24,000			24,000	
42,000) Transferred from other accounts		24,000	,,,,			
43.0001 Appropriation (adjusted)	*******	2,155,200		•••••	2, 155, 200	

2-8 February 1982

Army		lissiin Procurem	ent, Army				08 FEB 82		
	Program an	and Financing (in thousands of dollars)				1983 Fiscal year program			
identifi	cation code 21-2032-0-1-051		t plan (emour			Obligations			
		1961 ectuel	1982 est.	1983 ost.	1981 ectuel	1962 est.	1983 est.		
Pro	gram by activities:								
	Proct: 2. Other missiles 3. Medification of missiles 4. Spercs and repair parts 5. Support equipment and facilities			2,400,300 93,000 233,300 120,000			2,040,267 79,039 166,305 102,000		
	Total direct Reimbursable program •		**********	2,846,600 254,100			2,419,611 177,870		
10.0001	Total		••••••	3,100,700		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,597,481		
•	inencing: Offsotting collections from:				•				
11.0001 13.0001 24.4001	Federal funds Trust funds Unebligated balance evallable, and of year	•••••		-94,100 -160,000		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-94,100 -160,000 503,219		
40.0001	Budget authority			2,846,600		· · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,846,600		

MISSILE PROCURFMENT, ARMY

Section 2

Introductory Statement

2-10 February 1982

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY ANNUAL BUDGET ESTIMATES

FY 1983, 84 Budget

Appropriation:

Missile Procurement, Army

Section 2 - INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

This appropriation finances the acquisition of surface-to-air, surface-to-surface, and antitank/assault missile systems. Also included are major components, modifications, targets, test equipment, and depot repairable spares and repair parts; and production base support.

The FY 1983 program continues procurement of the TOW antitank/assault missile system, STINGER, and PATRIOT air defense systems, PERSHING II (theater nuclear weapon system), and the HELLFIRE anti-tank missile system; and completion and closeout of the U.S. ROLAND missile system, funded in prior fiscal years. Multiyear procurement is initiated for the Multiple Launch Rocket System.

*Also included is procurement for the modification of the CHAPARRAL, DRAGON, and TOW Missile Systems and the LANCE.

FY 1984 program continues procurement of the HELLFIRE missile system, PATRIOT air defense system, STINGER manportable air defense weapon, TOW antitank/assault missile system, MLRS multiyear, and the PERSHING II missile system funded in previous fiscal years. Also included is the modification of the Improved HAWK, CHAPARRAL, and TOW missile systems, and the AN/TSQ-73 Missile Minder System.

2-11 February 1982

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

Section 3

Susmary of Requirements

2-12 February 1982

propriation:	FY 1981 Actual	FY 1982 Estimate	FY 1983 Estimate
ssile Procurement, Army		ESC Lund Ce	
Antiballistic System	-0-	~0-	0-
Other Missiles	\$ 1,191,311	\$ 1,514,400	\$ 2,400,300
Modification of Missiles	208,189	305,000	93,000
Spares and Repair Parts	100,319	246,600	233,300
Support Equipment and Facilities	45,081	89,200	120,000
Total Direct Program	\$ 1,544,900	\$ 2,155,200	\$ 2,846,600
Reimbursable Program	379,081	715,500	254,100
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS	\$ 1,923,981	\$ 2,870,700	\$ 3,100,700
Less: Portion of program to be obligated in subsequent fiscal years	\$ 319,061	\$ 537,930	\$ 503,215
Plus: Obligation incurred against prior year program funds	. \$ 321,660	\$ 309,058	\$ 498,753
TOTAL OBLIGATIONS	\$ 1.926.580	\$ 2.641,828	\$ 3.096,234

2-13 February 1982

propriation:	SUMMARY OF REQUIREMENTS (in Thousands of Dollars)	FY 1984
sile Procurement, Army		Estimate
		~0-
Other Missiles		\$ 2,706,900
Modification of Missiles		182,400
Spares and Repair Parts		324,458
Support Equipment and Facilities		120,100
·	·	
Total Direct Program	***************************************	\$ 3,333,858

2-14 February 1982

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

Section 4

Budget Activity Justification

Activity 1 - Antiballistic Missile System

Activity 2 - Other Missiles

Activity 3 - Modification of Missiles

Activity 4 - Spares and Repair Parts

Activity 5 - Support Equipment and Facilities

2-15 February 1982

Department of the Army Annual Sudget Estimate JUSTIFICATION	Appropriation Hissile Procurement	1	FY 1481 Budget
Budget Program or Budget Project Account	Actual (T	housands of Dollars)	
Activity 2 - Other Missiles	PY 1981 ·	Estimate FY 1982	Entimate FY 1981
Direct Obligation or Direct Budget Plan	\$ 1,191,317	\$ 1,514,400	\$ 2,400,300

Provides for procurement of surface-to-air, antitank/assault, surface-to-surface and air-to-surface missile systems; related ground support equipment; and initial issue and replacement of losses consumed in reliability firings, crew proficiency firings, and other training activities.

Section 2 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

ROLAND Missile System - \$61.3 million is requested for completion of the restructured program and close-out of the US ROLAND system.

PATRIOT Missile System - \$805.1 million is requested to procure 376 missiles and 12 fire units for the PATRIOT missile system.

PATRIOT is an improved system which will replace NIKE-HERCULES and HAWK and is better able to meet the threat of the 1980's and beyond.

STINGER Missile System - \$214.6 million is requested for procurement of 2256 STINGER missiles and ground support equipment. The program for FY 1983 represents the sixth year of a planned eleven-year procurement effort designed to fill the Army inventory objective. The STINGER, which replaces the obsolete REDEYE, has greater accuracy and a significantly improved engagement capability.

TOW Missile System - \$145.2 million is requested to procure 12,000 TOW missiles to support the inventory objective and provide blast simulators needed for training. The 1983 procurement program will afford continuation of a cost effective warm production base, providing improved tactical missile, needed to defeat the increasing armor threat.

Other Missile Support - \$4.5 million is requested. \$4.1 million for purchase of 230 replacement rocket motors for I-HAMK and \$400 thousand for CHAPARRAL Test Sets.

2-16 Pebruary 1982

FORMAT	Department of the Army Annual Budget Estimato JUSTIFICATION		FY 1983 Budget
>	Appropriation	Budget Program or Budget Project Account	
	Missile Procurement, Army	Activity 2 - Other Missiles	

Mulitple Launch Rocket System (MLRS) - \$368.9 million is requested to procure 23,640 rockets and associated ground support equipment. The MLRS is an 8.9 inch diameter multiple rocket launcher system with tracked self-propelled launcher/loader, disposable pods, and fire control equipment. Its mission is to neutralize or suppress enemy field artillery, air defense systems, and supplement cannon artillery when targets exceed capabilities during surge conditions.

MLRS Advance Procurement (Multi Year Procurement) - \$53.2 million is requested to procure bulk materials and components in economic order quantities as a part of the multi contract acquisition strategy for MLRS.

HELLFIRE - \$249.2 million is requested to procure 3971 missiles and associated support equipment. The purpose of the HELLFIRE missile system is to defeat the current and future armor threat at long stand-off ranges. When mounted on the Advanced Attack Helicopter, AH-64, it will increase helicopter survivability and fire power.

PERSHING - \$498.3 million is requested to procure 91 PERSHING II missiles and ground support equipment, including telemetry for the operational firing program. PERSHING II will replace the aging PERSHING Ia.

2-17 February 1982

Department of the Army	Appropriation	FY 1983
Annual Budget Entimate JUSTIFICATION	Missile Procurement, Army	Budget
Budget Program or Budget Project Account	(Thousands of Doll	are)
Activity 2 - Other Missiles		Estimate PY 1984
Direct Obligation or Direct Sudget Fian		\$ 2,706,900

Provides for procurement of surface-to-air, air-to-surface, antitank/assault, and surface-to-surface missile systems; related ground support equipment and initial issue and replacement of losses consumed in reliability firings, crew proficiency firings and other training activities.

Section 2 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

FATRIOT Missile System - \$965.2 million is requested to procure 664 missiles and 18 fire units in FY 1984. PATRIOT is a mobile air defense system consisting of a phased array radar set, engagement control station, power plant, and launching station, each mounted on a wheeled vehicle. The missile is mounted within a canister which serves both as a shipping container and launch tube.

STINGER Missile System - \$258.3 million is requested to procure 3,293 STINGER missiles. The program for FY 1984 represents the seventh year of a planned eleven year procurement effort designed to fill the Army's inventory objective. The STINGER, scheduled to replace the obsolete REDEYE, has greater accuracy and a significantly improved engagement capability.

HELLFIRE Missile System - \$255.1 million is requested to procure 6218 HELLFIRE missiles and associated ground equipment. The purpose of the HELLFIRE missile system is to defeat the current and future armor threat at long stand-off ranges. When mounted on the Advanced Attack Helicopter, AH-64, it will increase helicopter survivability and fire power.

Other Missile Support - \$9.9 million is requested for procurement of 541 HAWK missile replacement rocket motors.

2-18 February 1982

LVMMOL	Department of the Arm Annual Budget Estimat JUSTIFICATION		FY 1983 Budget
>	Appropriation Budget Program or Budget Project Account		7
	Missile Procurement, Army	Activity 2 - Other Missiles	

TOW Missile System - \$223.9 million is requested for procurement of 18,000 improved missiles in support of the inventory objective and for blast training simulators.

MULTIPLE LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (MLRS) - \$461.6 million is requested to procure 36,000 tactical rockets, and associated ground support equipment. This is the fifth year of procurement designed to fill the Army inventory objective. MLRS is a self-propelled, fast-reacting, multiple rocket launcher which will provide a high volume of fire in a very short time against the surge threat.

MLRS Advance Procurement (MYP) - \$104.9 million is requested to continue to procure bulk materials and components in economic order quantities as a part of the multi contract acquisition strategy for MLRS.

PERSHING II - \$428.0 million is requested to procure 95 PERSHING II (PII) missiles. PII missiles have added range and accuracy and will provide nuclear fire support to Supreme Allied Command, Europe in the Quick Reaction Alert Role.

2-19 Tebruary 1982

Department of the Army	Appropriation		FY 1983
Annual Budget Estimate JUSTIFICATION	Missile Procu	rement, Army	Budget
Budget Program or Budget Project Account		(Thousands of Dollar	's)
	Actual	Estimate	Est imate
Activity 3 - Modifications of Missiles	FY 1981	FY 1982	FY 1983
Direct Obligation or Direct Sudget Plan	\$ 208,189	\$ 305,000	\$ 93,000

Provides for the modification of surface-to-air, surface-to-surface, and anti-tank missile systems.

Section 2 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

CHAPARRAL - \$32.5 million is requested to provide the CHAPARRAL missile system with a Forward Looking Infrared (FLIR) sight capability which allows target engagements during periods of darkness and limited visibility conditions. This modification more than doubles the systems operability. The program also includes procurement of selected items for the pneumatic systems to increase system reliability, smokeless rocket motors and better rocket motor insulation to avoid premature burnout.

TOW - \$58.4 million is needed to procure six-inch (full caliber) improved warheads for tactical missiles, and guidance system hardening needed to defeat the advanced armor threat.

MODIFICATION LESS THAN \$900,000 - \$0.6 million is requested for Forward Area Alerting Radar (FAAR) Support Maintenance Test Set improvements and to improve the reliability of the CHAPARRAL radio.

LANCE - \$1.5 million is requested for completion of LANCE product improvements.

2-20 February 1982

ğ.	Department of the Army	Appropriation	FY 1983
Z	Annual Budget Estimate JUSTIFICATION	Missile Procurement, Army	Budget
ų	Budget Program or Budget Project Account	(Thousands of Dollars)	
*	Activity) - Modifications of Missiles		Estimate FY 1984
	Direct Obligation or Direct Budget Plan		\$ 182;400

Provisions for the modification of surface-to-air, surface-to-surface, and anti-tank missile system.

Section 2 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

CHAPARRAL - \$13.1 million is requested to complete procurement of improved, selected items for the pneumatic system to increase system reliability, smokeless rocket motors and improved motor insulation.

HAWK - \$85.7 million is requested for factory facilitization and material, test equipment and contract award of Phase III modifications which will improve the fire power, training, target tracking and low altitude target reporting capabilities of each fire unit. Also included is contract award of Multiple Blinking Jammer modifications.

TOW - \$66.1 million is needed to procure six-inch improved warheads for tactical missiles and guidance system hardening, needed to defeat the advanced armor threat.

MODIFICATIONS LESS THAN \$900,000 - \$0.7 million is requested to complete the Forward Area Alerting Rader (FAAR) Support Maintenance Test Set modifications.

AN/TSQ-73 - \$8.3 million is requested to provide an expanded memory capacity.

Advance Rocket Control System - \$8.5 million is requested for a classified program.

2-21 February 1982

Department of the Army	Appropriation		FY 1983
Annual Budget Estimate JUSTIFICATION	Missile Procure	ement, Army	Budget
Budget Program or Budget Project Account		(Thousands of Dollar	8)
	Actual	Est imate	Estimate
Activity 4 - Spares and Repair Parts	FY 1981	FY 1982	FY 1983
Direct Obligation or Direct Budget Plan	\$ 100,319	\$ 246,600	\$ 233,300

Provides for the procurement of initial provisioning and peacetime replenishment of repairable major assemblies and repair parts for surface-to-air and surface-to-surface and antitank missile systems and other support items.

Section 2 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

Required for the procurement of initial provisioning and peacetime replenishment requirements of centrally managed, high dollar value depot repairable components, assemblies, and repair parts which are not carried in Army Stock Fund inventories.

-INITIAL PROVISIONING - \$118.4 million is requested for initial provisioning spares to support major item procurements as follows: \$75.9 million for PATRIOT spares, \$1.1 million for HELLFIRE spares; \$22.3 million for Multiple Launch Rocket System (MLRS) spares; \$1.8 million for TOW modifications spares; \$1.9 million for Air Defense Target spares; \$10.3 million for PERSHING II spares; and \$5.1 million for CHAPARRAL modifications apares.

REPLENISHMENT REPAIR PARTS - \$114.9 million is requested for peacetime replenishment repair parts.

2-22 February 1982

3	Department of the Army	Appropriation	PT 1983
3	Annual Budget Estimate JUSTIFICATION	Missile Procurement, Army	Budget
	Budget Program or Budget Project Account	(Thousands of Dollars)	
I	nadec 1108101 or peaker 1103001 11000110	•	Entimate
	Activity 4 - Spares and Repair Parts		FY 1984
	Direct Obligation or Direct Sudget Plan	·	\$ 324,458

Provides for the procurement of initial provisioning, peacetime replenishment, and mobilization reserve of repairable major assemblies and repair parts for surface-to-air, sir-to-surface, surface-to-surface, and antitank missile systems and other support items.

Section 2 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

Required for the procurement of initial provisioning, peacetime replenishment, and mobilization reserve requirements of centrally managed, high dollar value depot repairable components, assemblies, and repair parts which are not carried in Army Stock Fund inventories.

INITIAL PROVISIONING - \$ 196.1 million is requested for initial provisioning spares to support major item procurements as folts: \$162.2 million for PATRIOT spares; \$2.9 million for MELLFIRE spares; \$3.1 million for PERSHING spares; \$18.3 million for Multi; a Launch Rocket System.spares; \$0.5 million for CHAPARRAL modification spares; \$0.2 million for TOW modification spares; \$2.5 million for HAWK modification and \$6.4 million for Air Defense Target spares.

REPLENISHMENT REPAIR PARTS - \$128.4 million is requested for peacetime replenishment repair parts.

2-23 February 1982

Department of the Army	Appropriation		FY 1983
Annual Budget Estimate JUSTIFICATION Budget Program or Budget Project Account Activity 5 - Support Equipment and Facilities	Missile Procure	Missile Procurement, Army	
	(Thousands of Dollars)		
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate
	FY 1981	FY 1982	FY 1983
Direct Obligation or Direct Budget Plan		A 00 000	4 120 000
	\$ 45,081	\$ 89,200	\$ 120,000

Provides for the procurement of support equipment, items less than \$900,000 and production base support for the Army missile system.

Section 2 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

Air-Defense Targets - \$12.1 million is requested for the MQM-107, MQM-33, and FQM-117A targets, scoring devices and ground support equipment. This program provides target missiles for training of air defense personnel and for evaluation of air defense weapons systems.

Items Less Than \$900,000 - \$4.8 million for procurement of tool and test sets peculiar to missile system maintenance and repair.

Production Base Support - \$69.3 million is requested. \$11.6 million is for manufacturing methods and technology, and deals with the advancement of manufacturing techniques for various missile components. \$40.6 million for Provision of Industrial Facilities consisting of providing replacement or new equipment used for production testing of weapons systems and associated materials at White Sanda Missile Range, rehabilitation of buildings at a Government-owned contractor-operated (GOCO) facilities and preparation of design criteria and specification for submission to Corps of Engineers for execution of concept/final design and specification for construction. \$17.1 million is requested for procurement of capital plant equipment required to support the depot maintenance mission.

Other Production Charges - \$33.8 million is requested for the procurement of test system/equipment to accomplish the Quantity Evaluation mission through stock surveillance, and evaluation of tactical weapon systems in the stockpile.

2-24 February 1982

FOR	Department of the Army Annual Budget Entimate	Appropriation Hingile Procurement, Army	Py 1983 Budget
L IV	JUSTIFICATION Budget Program or Budget Project Account	(Thousands of Dollars)	
4	Activity 5 - Support Equipment and Facilities		Estimate FY 1984
1	Direct Obligation or Direct Budget Plan		\$ 120,100

Provides for the procurement of support equipment, items less than \$900,000 and production base support, for the Army missile programs.

Section 2 - JUSTIFICATION OF FUNDS REQUESTED

Air Defense Targets - \$11.0 million is requested for procurement of air defense target missilés, towed targets, and ground support equipment.

Items less Than \$900,000 - \$4.5 million is requested for procurement of tool and test sets peculiar to missile systems hardware maintenance and repair.

Production Base Support - \$68.2 million is requested to support Manufacturing Methods and Technology (MM6T) projects (\$10.0 million), Provisions of Industrial Facilities (PTP) projects (\$41.0), Layaway of Industrial Facilities (\$0.6 million), and capital equipment in support of the depot maintenance mission (\$16.6 million).

Other Production Charges - \$36.4 million is requested. Content is SECRET.

2-25 February 1982

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

Section 5

Comparison of Program Requirements and Financing

Comparison of FY 1982 program requirements as reflected in FY 1982 budget with FY 1982 program requirements as shown in FY 1983 budget.

Comparison of FY 1982 financing as reflected in FY 1982 budget with FY 1982 financing as shown in FY 1982 budget.

Comparison of FY 1981 program requirements as reflected in FY 1982 budget with FY 1981 program requirements as shown in FY 1983 budget.

Comparison of FY 1981 financing as reflected in FY 1982 budget with FY 1981 financing as shown in FY 1983 budget.

2-26 February 1982

COMPARISON OF FY 1982 PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS AS REPLECTED IN FY 1982 BUDGET WITH FY 1982 PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS AS SHOWN IN FY 1983 BUDGET

SURV	SUPPLARY OF REQUIREMENTS (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Appropriation:	Total Program Requirements Program Requirements Per FY 82 Budget Per FY 1983 Budget		Increase (+) or Decrease (-)	
activity 1 - Antiballistic Missile System	-0-	-0-	-0-	
Activity 2 - Other Missiles	1,547,600	1,514,400	- 33,200	
ctivity 3 - Modification of Missiles	440,200	305,000	- 135,200	
ctivity 4 - Spares and Repair Parts	181,600	246,600	+ 65,000	
ctivity 5 - Support Equipment and Facilities	40,800	89,200	+ 48,400	
TOTAL	2,210,200	2,155,200	- 55,000	

Explanation by Activity

Activity 2 - Other Missiles (\$ -33.2) - The following changes occurred:

Escalation Adj - Increase of \$16.9 due to inflation adjustment.

PATRIOT - Decrease of \$50.8 million due to Congressional reduction.

STINGER - Decrease of \$31.8 million due to Congressional reduct on.

HELLFIRE - Decrease of \$15.0 million due to Congressional reduction.

ROLAND - Increase of \$50.0 million due to Congressional increase.

National Guard Transfer - Decrease of \$2.5 million due to Congressional general reduction.

2-27 February 1982

Activity 3 - Modification of Missiles (-\$135.2)

Escalation Adjustment - Increase of \$3.4 million due to inflation adjustment.

National Guard Transfer - Decrease of \$0.6 million due to Congressional general reduction.

General Reduction - Decrease of \$10.0 million directed by Congress.

DRACON - Decrease of \$17.5 million due to Congressional reduction.

High Priority Efforts - Decrease of \$150.8 million and an increase of \$40.3 million.

Activity 4 - Spares and Repair Parts (+\$65.0)

Includes a decrease of \$0.8 million directed by Congress and increases of \$2.7 million for inflation adjustments and \$63.1 million to finance spare parts deficiency.

Activity 5 - Support Equipment and Facilities (+\$48.4)

Includes increases of \$1.0 million for inflation adjustments and \$47.4 million to alleviate serious backlog of rehabilitation projects at GO-CO plants.

2-28 February 1982

COMPARISON OF FY 1982 FINANCING AS REFLECTED IN THE FY 1982 BUDGET WITH FY 1982 FINANCING AS SHOWN IN FY 1983 BUDGET

<u> </u>		(In Thousands of Doll	lars)
	Financing	Financing	Increase (+)
•	Per FY 1982	Per FY 1983	or
	Budget	Budget	Decrease (-)
rogram Requirements, (Total)	\$ 2,689,400	\$ 2,870,700	\$ + 181,300
Program Requirements (Service Account)	(2,210,200)	(2,155,200)	(- 55,000)
Program Requirements (Reimbursable)	(479,200)	(715,500)	(+ 236,300)
•			
ess:			
Anticipated reimburements	479,200	715,500	+ 236,300
Reprogramming from prior year budget plans			
Unobligated balance available from prior yearning:finance new budget plans	•		
Unobligated balance transferred from other accounts			
Ndd:			
Unobligated balance transferred to other accounts		•	
Unobligated balance available to finance subsequent year budget plans	•		
BUDGET AUTHORITY	2,210,200	2,155,200	+ 55,000
UDGET AUTHORITY			
Appropriation	2,210,200	2,131,200	- 79,000
Transferred from other accounts	-	24,000	+ 24,000
Appropriation (Adjusted)	2,210,200	2,155,200	+ 55,000

2-29 February 1982

EXPLANATION OF CHANGES IN FINANCING

The Fiscal year 1982 program has increased by \$181.3 million since submission of the Fiscal Year 1982 budget to Congress. Adjustments to financing categories are explained below:

- 1. Anticipated reimbursements; \$236.3 million increase in Foreign Military Sales Program.
- Budget Authority: Decrease of \$79.0 million due to Congressional reductions offset by a transfer in of \$240 million .
 to finance escalation rate increases.

2-30 February 1982

COMPARISON OF FY 1981 PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS AS REFLECTED IN FY 1982 BUDGET WITH FY 1981 PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS AS SHOWN IN FY 1983 BUDGET

SUNK	ARY OF REQUIREMENTS (In Thousa	nds of Dollars)	
Appropriation:	Total Program		Increase (+)
., ,	Requirements	Program Requirements	or
	Per FY 82 Budget	Per FY 1983 Budget	Decrease (-)
Activity 1 - Antiballistic Missile System	· -0-	-0-	-0-
Activity 2 - Other Missiles	\$ 1,188,100	\$ 1,191,311	\$ + 3,211
"Activity 3 - Modification of Missiles	218,200	208,189	- 10,011
Activity 4 - Spares and Repair Parts	98,800	100,319	+ 1,519
Activity 5 - Support Equipment and Facilities	41,700	45,081	+ 3,381
TOTAL	\$ 1,546,800	\$ 1,544,900	\$ - 1,900

EXPLANATION BY ACTIVITY

Activity 2 - Other Missiles (+\$3,211) - Includes reprogramming increases of \$4.9 million to HELLFIRE for facilitization; \$5.0 million to TOW for contractual increases. Decreases include \$3.9 million from ROLAND; and \$0.9 million from MLRS. Also includes a Congressional reduction of \$1.9 million from PERSHING.

Activity 3 - Modification of Missiles (- \$10,011) - Includes decreases of \$9.5 million from HAWK which was reprogrammed to Production Base Support (\$4.6), HELLFIRE (\$4.9) and \$4.9 million from TOW Modifications to TOW Missiles. Also includes reprogramming increases of \$3.4 million to GRASS BLADE from ROLAND and \$1.0 million for PERSHING.

Activity 4 - Spares and Repair Parts (+ \$1,519) - Increase of \$1.5 million was reprogrammed from Air Defense Targets for target spares.

Activity 5 - Support Equipment and Facilities (+ \$3,381) - An increase of \$4.9 million reprogrammed from ROLAND and HAMK to fund Froduction Base Support. A decrease of \$1.5 million from Air Defense Targets to fund Spares and Repair Parts.

2-31 February 1982

COMPARISON OF FY 1981 FINANCING AS REFLECTED IN THE FY 1982 BUDGET WITH FY 1981 FINANCING AS SHOWN IN FY 1983 BUDGET

		(In Thousands of Dollars)			
Appropriation:	Financing	Financing	increase (+)		
	Per FY 1982	Per FY 1983	or		
Missile Procurement, Army	Budget	Budget	Decrease (-)		
Program Requirements, (Total)	\$ 1,989,100	\$ 1,923,981	- 65,119		
Program Requirements (Service Account)	1,546,800	1,544,900	(- 1,900)		
Program Requirements (Reimbursable)	442,300	379,081	(- 63,219)		
Less:					
Anticipated reimbursements	442,300	379,081	~ 63,219		
Reprogramming from prior budget plans					
Unobligated balance available from prior year to finance new budget plans		•			
Unobligated balance transferred from other accounts			·		
dd: Unobligated balance transferred to other accounts			•		
Unobligated balance available to finance subsequent					
year budget plans					
BUDGET AUTHORITY	1,546,800	1,544,900_	- 1,900		
BUDGET AUTHORITY					
Appropriation	1,546,800	1,544,900			

EXPLANATION OF CHANGES IN FINANCING

The Fiscal Year 1981 program has decreased \$65.1 million since preparation of the Fiscal Year 1982 budget to Congress. Adjustments to financing categories are explained below:

- 1. Anticipated Reimbursements: \$63.2 million decrease in Foreign Military Sales Program.
- 2. Budget Authority: Decrease of \$1.9 million due to Congressional reduction.

2-32 February 1982

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

Section 7

Analysis of Unobligated Balances

2-33 February 1982

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

Analysis of Unobligated Balances - FY 1983 Program Summary by Category

	Summary by Category	Estimated Unobligated Dollars 2 of Total (Millions) Unobligated
<u>Category</u> .		\$440.8 71.0
 Reserved to support contracts Engineering changes 		85.1 13.7 95.0 15.3 8670.9 100.0 %
2. Engineering changes . 3. Other	TOTAL Unobligated FY 1983	\$620.9 100.0 %

Explanation by Category

Based on past experience, it is predicted that the above amounts will remain unobligated at the end of FY 83. Reasons for the unobligated balance have been grouped into three general categories, and are detailed below. These unobligated amounts will therefore be required in subsequent years to complete the procurement of the FY 83 program.

- 1. Reserved to Support Contracts:
 - a. Held pending award of firm contracts as opposed to letter orders.
 - b. Amounts reserved for incentive contract payments.
 - c. Amounts held to support Product Component Improvement Programs; modification of missiles during production;
 - d. Contractor claims, amounts required to cover liabilities for contracts containing escalation clauses for labor or
 - material cost increases and price redeterminations. e. Contract close-out costs; packing, crating, handling, and packaging and loading charges.
 - f. Government-furnished equipment breakout procurements; preparation of manuals and technical dats; reserve for completion of construction elements of production base support facilities projects.
 - Delay due to design of testing difficulties.
 - h. Update technical data or procurement package.

2-34 February 1982

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY (Continued)

· 2. Engineering Changes:

- a. Engineering services in support of production (unobligated only as expenses are incurred).
- b. Validated engineering change orders to be incorporated into the current manufacturing process.
- c. Engineering changes as a result of acceptance testing.
- d. Amounts reserved to support engineering changes and value engineering proposals.

3. Other:

- a. Additional time required to complete audits of cost data and to obtain contract cost data.b. Unfavorable presward surveys and extended negotiations with contractors.

2-35 February 1982

MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

Section 9

Modification of Missiles (Exhibit P-33)

P-1 Numbers	Item Nomenclature		Page No.
•	MISSILE MODIFICATION PROGRAM		
13	CHAPARRAL		2-38
14	HAWK		2-41
15	TOW		2-45
16	LANCE	•	2-46
18	Modifications Less Than \$900,000		2-47
21	Advance Rocket Control System		2-49
20	Air Defense Command & Control System, AN/TSQ-73		2-50

2-36 February 1982

MISSILE MODIFICATION, ARMY

FY 1983 PRESIDENT'S BUDGET

		FY	1983	FY 1984		
System	Missile/Mod No.	Quantity	FY 83 Cost	Quantity	FY 84 Cost	
CHAPARRAL	PIP 1-80-03-0306	45	23.1	~	0	
	· PIP 1-80-03-0309	200	3.9	245	7.4	
	PIP 1-83-03-0325	_	1.1		1.2	
	PIP 1-84-03-0326	524	4.4	524	4.5	
HAVK	PIP 1-81-03-0137		-	. -	10.8	
	PIP 1-81-03-0134	-	-	-	2.6	
	PIP 1-81-03-0132	-	_ -	_	22.2	
	PIP 1-79-03-0119	-	· <u>-</u>	_	40.8	
	PIP 1-82-03-0130	-	_	-	4.5	
	PIP 1-81-03-0131	. -	-		. 4.8	
TOW	PIP-1-79-03-3018	-	58.4		66.1	
LANCE	PIP 1-79-03-0810	-	1.5	-	-	
Modifications Less	Than \$900,000			•.		
	PIP 1-81-03-0313	500	.3	~		
	PIP 1-80-03-0705	10	.3	-	.7	

2-37 February 1982

HISSILE MODIFICATION (\$ In Millions)

ppropriation: Missile Procurement, Army

Missile Type: CHAPARRAL Guided Missile Intercept, Aerial MIM-72-A/C

Missile Modification Title:

Night Capability - PIP 1-80-03-0306 Pneumatic System - PIP 1-80-03-0309 Rocket Motor Insulator PIP 1-83-03-0325 Smokeless Rocket Motor PIP 1-84-03-0326

Description/Justification:

<u>PIP 1-80-03-0306</u> - The night capability improvement when added to the CHAPARRAL Fire Unit will enable the operator to detect and engage aircraft during periods of darkness and limited visability conditions. The principle elements of this improvement are a Forward Looking Infrared (FLIR) thermal imaging device, optics, display, autotrack and controls. Note: The present system missiles have the capability to track and engage aircraft during darkness and limited visibility, but the system is presently imited by the necessity for the operator to visually detect and acquire aircraft for the missiles. The night sight will more than double the percent of a 24-hour day in which the system may operate.

PIP 1-80-03-0309 - This Reliability Improvement of Selected Equipments (RTSE) PIP results from the low Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF) of the CHAPARRAL Air Compressor and its associated pneumatic system and the consequent excessive depot overhaul requirements and logistics costs. Selected items from the entire pneumatic system, as well as the compressor itself, will be improved or replaced with more suitable and reliable items. To the maximum extent possible, program will consist of improvements to existing items or replacement with items currently designed and in production.

PIP 1-83-03-0325 - This provides an improvement to the M121 smokeless motor by eliminating the use of asbestos in the motor case insulator and also reduce the motor production cost. The basis for this improvement is a requirement by DOD and OSHA to eliminate the use of chrysotile asbestos.

<u>PIP 1-84-03-0326</u> - This provides for the repouring of CHAPARRAL Missile Rocket Motors with a smokeless propellant. The smokeless rocket motor is required to reduce missile signature when the CHAPARRAL fire unit engages targets.

2-38 February 1982

CHAPARRAL Guided Missile Intercept, Aerial MIM-72-A/C (Continued)

Scope of Program:												
	FY	/ 1981 &	FY 1	982	FY 1	983	FY 1	984	Fut	ure	To	tal
	Pric	r Year_	Curre	nt Year	Budge	t Year	Budge	t Year + 1	Yea	ırs	Pro	gram
	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt
PIP 1-80-03-0306		i									•	
MIPA	80	38.5	120	57.7	45	23.1	-	0.0	-	0.0	245	119.5
RDTE	• -	15.8	-	0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	15.8
. OMA	-	0.0	-	. 0	-	.3	-	2.2	-	2.4	-	4.9
PIP 1-80-03-0309												
MIPA	-	0.0	100	1.7	200	3.9	245	7.4	-	0.0	545	13.0
· RDTE	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0
ОМА	-	1.1	-	.1	-	. 4	-	.7	-	3 1	-	5.4
PIP 1-83-03-0325												
MIPA		0	_	0	0	1.1	0	1.2	_	0.	0	2.3
RDTE		ŏ		ō		0		0		, ŏ	•	0
AMO		Ö		. 0		Ö		0 .		0	•	0
PIP 1-84-03-0326				•								
MIPA		0		0	524	4.4	524	4.5	1672	14.0	2720	23.9
RDTE		. 0	•	Ö	- '	0		0	•	0		
OMA		Ō		Ō		.6		.4		1.5		2.5

Basis for Cost Estimate: Analytical and engineering techniques.

Method of Implementation: Field installation by contractor/government contract team.

2-39 February 1982

CHAPARRAL Guided Missile Intercept, Aerial MIM-72-A/C (Continued)

avelopment Status:

			•	
PIP 1-80-03-0306	_	Initiate Engineering Effort	-	2QFY80
	•	Production Contract Award	-	1QFY82
		First Hardware Delivery	-	3QFY83
		Start Installation	-	1QFY84
		Complete Installation	-	1QFY85
PIP 1-80-03-0309	_	Initiate Engineering Effort	_ '	2QFY80
		Production Contract Award	-	4QFY82
		First Hardware Delivery	-	3QFY83
		Start Installation	. =	1QFY84
		Complete Installation	-	1QFY86
PIP 1-80-03-0325	•	Initiate Engineering Effort	-	1QFY83
	•	Production Contract Award	-	NA*
•		First Hardware Delivery	-	· NA
		Start Installation	- '	NA
		Complete Installation	-	NA
PIP 1-80-03-026	• -	Initiate Engineering Effort	_	2QFY76
		Production Contract Award	-	2QFY80
		First Hardware Delivery	-	4QFY81
		Start Installation	-	4QFY81
•		Complete Installation	-	4QFY87

^{*} New Insulation being cut into existing contract for rocket motors.

2-40 February 1982

MISSILE MODIFICATIONS (\$ in Millions)

Appropriation: Missile Procurement, Army

Missile Type: HAWK

Missile Modification Title:

Software/Improved Continuous Wave Acquisition Radar (ICWAR) Data Link Update PIP 1-81-03-0137 Trainer Elimination/Integrated Operator Trainer PIP 1-81-03-0134 Improved Platoon Command Post (IPCP) Computer Update PIP 1-81-03-0132 Missile ECM Upgrade/Multiple Blinking Jammer (MBJ) PIP 1-79-03-0119 Low Altitude Simultaneous Hawk Engagement (LASHE) PIP 1-82-03-0130 Improved High Power Illuminator (IMPI) RAM II PIP 1-81-03-0131

Description/Justification:

"IP 1-81-03-0137 - Modifies ICWAR ADP and provides software to support Phase III PIPs.

<u>rIP 1-81-03-0134</u> - Modifies IPCP to allow for operator training on a daily basis without interuption and without disconnecting equipment.

PIP 1-81-03-0132 - Modification replaces ADP in IPCP with a micro-computer with increased memory (65K vs 16K per minute) to provide compatibility with Improved Assault Fire Unit (IAFU) concept of employment.

PIF 1-79-03-0119 - Modifies missiles to counter ECM threat throughout HAWKs fielded life with the UA Army.

PIP 1-82-03-0130 - Modifies IMPI and IPCP to increase fire power.

<u>PIF 1-81-03-0131</u> - Modification replaces analog computer in the IHPI with a micro-computer to improve target detection and tracking in an ECM environment.

2-41 February 1982

HAWK (Continued) Scope of Program:

	FY 1981 & Prior Year	PY 1982 Current Year	FY 1983 Budget Year	FY 1984 Budget Year + I	Future Years	Total Program
	QLy Amt	QLy Amt	Qty Amt	Qty, Ami	QLy Amil	Qty Amt
PIP 1-81-03-0137						
HIPA				10.8	29.1	39.9
ROTE		12.3	12.4	9.1	4.2	38.0
OHA				.4	5.2	5.6
Basis for Cost Estimate:	Engineering tech	miques.				
Method of Implementation:	Installation by	contractor/govern	ment contract to	eam and depot during	rebuild.	
PIP 1-81-03-0134		·				
MIPA				2.6	3.6	6.3
RDTE		2.7	2.6	1.5	1.5	8.3
OHA		•		.3	• 1.2	1.5
Basis for Cost Estimate:	Engineering tech	miques.				
Method of Implementation:	Installation by	contractor/govern	ment contract to	eam and Depot during	rebuild.	
PIP 1-81-03-0132				22.2	22.2	44.4
MIPA RDTE		. 3.3	2.8	1.9	1.4	9.4
OMA		. 3.3	2.0	.2	2.9	3.1
***				, -		•
Basis for Cost Estimates:	Engineering tec	hniques.				
Method of Implemenation:	Installation by	contractor/goverm	ment contract tea	m and Depot during	rebuild.	

2-42 February 1982

HAWK (Continued)

cope of Program (Continued)

	FY 1981 & Prior Year		FY 1983 Budget Year	FY 1984 Budget Year + 1	Future Years	Total Program
	Qty Amt		Qty Amt	Qty Amt	Qty Amt	Qty Amt
PIP 1-79-03-0119						
MIPA	24.8	25.6	0	40.8	0	91.2
RDTE	16.7	7.9	7.6	.6	0	32.8
. , OMA		1.4	0	0	10.0	11.4
Basis for Cost Estimate: Method of Implementation:		•				
PIP 1-82-03-0130 MIPA RDTE OMA		7.3	6.8	4.5 6.0 .1	6.6 3.4 3.9	11.1 23.5 4.0
Basis for Cost Estimation:	Engineering	estimate.		•		
Method of Implementation:	Contractor te	am applied in fie	ld facility in B	urope.	·	
PIP 1-82-03-0131 MIPA RUTE OHA	2	3.9	3.2	4	7.0 2.0 2.7	11.8 12.3 3.0

Basis for Cost Estimate: Engineering estimate.

Method of Implementation: Contractor team applied in field and by Depot during overhaul.

2-43 February 1982

HAWK (Continued)

Development Status:		20FY82
	Development Contract .	20FY84
PIP 1-81-03-0137	Initiate Testing	
	Procurement Contract	2QFY85
•	Initial Production Delivery	1QFY86
	Complete Installation	2QFY87
•	Comprete thoras and	
	Development Contract	2QFY82
PIP 1-81-03-0134	Initiate Testing	2QFY84
	Procurement Contract	2QFY85
	Initial Production Delivery	1QFY86
	Initial Production Delivery	2QFY87
	Complete Installation	
	- 1 - A Contract	2QFY82
PIP 1-81-03-0132	Development Contract	2QFY84
III I VI VI VI	Initiate Testing	2QFY85
•	Procurement Contract	1QFY86
	Initial Production Delivery	20FY87
•	Complete Installation	-•
		40FY81
PIP 1-79-03-0119	Testing Completed	20FY82
PIP 1-19-03-0122	Production Contract	10FY83
	Initial Production Delivery	20FY88
	Complete Installation	-4
		20FY82
62 62 0120	Development Contract	2QFY84
PIP 1-82-03-0130	Initiate Testing	2QFY85
	Procurement Contract	1QFY86
	Initial Production Delivery	20FY87
	Complete Installation	zqr tor
		20FY82
	Development Contract	2QFY84
PIP 1-81-03-0131	Initiate Testing	2QFY85
	Procurement Contract .	10FY86
	Initial Production Delivery	2QFY87
-	Complete Installation	2QF 107
•		

MISSULE MODIFICATION (\$ In Millions)

opropriation: Missile Procurement, Army

Missile Type: TOW (BGM-71A, BGM-71C, BGM-71D, BTM-71A) (Heavy Antitank Guided Missile System).

Missile Modification Title:

TOW Missile System improvements - PIP 1-79-03-3018

PIP 1-79-03-3018 - This modification provided improved five-inch warheads (FY 1981 program) and will provide improved six-inch (full caliber) warheads and guidance system hardening (FY1982 and later year program). Results in three tactical missile types: BGM-71C, BGM-71C, BGM-71D, capable of being used with modified launcher.

Development Status:

Event	PIP 1-79-03-3018
Initial Engineering Effort Hardware Contract Award First Hardware Delivery Start Installation Complete Installation	404489 704481 504481 504481

Combiers theestreen						Total Program	
Scope of Program:	FY 1981	FY 1982 Amt (\$M)	FY 1983 Amt (\$M)	FY 1984 Amt (\$M)	Future Years Amt (\$M)	Amt (\$H)	_
PIP 1-79-03-3018			58.4	66.1	17.4	365.8 33.3	•
HIPA RDTE OMA	99.6 22.7 -	124.3 6.6 -	2.0	-	<u>.</u>	1	
, orn							

Basis for Cost Estimate: Analytical and engineering techniques.

.sethod of Implementation: Installation by contractor and/or (vernment contract teams.

Appropriation: Missile Procurement, Army

issile Type: LANCE

Missile Modification Title:

LANCE System Readiness PIP 1-79-03-0810

Description/Justification:

This modification will improve the testing capability of the system electronic test set by addition of a new Circuit Card assembly.

Basis for Cost Estimate: Contractor data coupled with past Army experience in buying like equipment.

Method of Implementation: In the field by modification team.

Scope of Program: In addition to the \$1.5 million requested for MIPA in FY 83, \$.043 million in 06M, Army funds is programmed.

		FY 1981 & Prior Year	FY 1982 Current Year	FY 1983 Budget Year	FY 1984 Budget Year + 1	Future Years	Total Program
•	•	Qty Amt	Qty Amt	Qty Amt	Qty Amt	Qty Amt	Qty Amt
PIP 1-79-03-0810 MIPA RDTE ONA		0 0	, 0 0 . 0	1.519 0 .043	0 0 .032		1.519 0 .075

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MISSILE MODIFICATIONS (\$ in Millions)

Appropriation: Missile Procurement, Army

Missile Modification Title: Modifications Less Than \$900,000.

Description/Justification:

PIP 1-80-03-0705 - This FAAR modification provides redesigned electrical circuitry for the Support Maintenance Test Set (SMTS) system reliability, reduce logistics costs and increase safety.

PIP 1-81-03-0313 - This CHAPARRAL modification provides for replacement of germanium transistors in the RT 524 radio with more heat resistant silicon transistors to reduce radio failures in high temperature environments.

Development Status:

EVENT	PIP 1-80-03-0705	PIP 1-81-03-0313
Initiate Engineering Effort	1st Qtr FY 83	1st Qtr FY 83
Production Contract Award	3rd Qtr FY 83	1st Qtr FY 83
First Hardware Delivery	4th Qtr FY 83	2nd Qtr FY 84
Start Installation	4th Qtr FY 84	4th Qtr FY 84
Complete Installation	4th Qtr FY 85	4th Qtr FY 84

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Modifications Less Than \$900,000 (Continued)

cope of Program:	FY 1980 & Prior Year	FY 1981 FY 1982 Current Year Budget Year Oty Amt Oty Am	FY 1983 Budget Year + 1 Qty Amt	Years	Total Program Qty Amt
PIP 1-80-03~0705	QEY AND		.300	.700 .006	1.000 .275
MIPA OMA PIP 1-81-03-0313 MIPA		,	.300		. 300

ethod of Implementation: Improvements will be retrofitted by material work orders to be applied worldwide by Army depot teams. Basis for Cost Estimates: Project estimates and engineering techniques.

MISSILE MODIFICATION (\$ in Millions)

propriation: Missile Procurement, Army

· Missile Modification Title: Advance Rocket Control System

Description/Justification: Details of this program are of a classification precluding further description in this document.

Scope of Program:	FY 19 Prior		FY 198 Curren		FY 198 Budget	-	FY 198 Budget	4 Year + 1	Future Years		Total Progr	
	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt
MIPA								8.5		69.9		178.4
RDTE		21.2		0		27.9		54.0		32.2		135,3
AMO	•	0		0		0		0		0		0

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(\$ in Millions)

propriation: Missile Procurement, Army

Missile Type: Air Defense Command & Control System, AN/TSQ-73

Missile Modification Title: C-MOS Computer Memory Improvement - PIP 1-79-03-1102

Description/Justification: PIF 1-79-03-1102 - Provides additional memory capacity to the AN/TSQ-73 computer by replacing existing core memory with a complementary metallic Oxide Silicon (CMOS) chip. Additional memory capacity is required for interoperability with PATRIOT, I-HAWK, and various NATO Command and Control Systems. The increase will be from 8000 to 32000+bits.

Development Status:

EVENT '	PIP 1-79-03-1102
Initiate Engineering Effort	2nd Qtr FY 81
Hardware Contract Award	2nd Qtr FY 82
First Hardware Delivery	2nd Qtr FY 84
Start Installation	1st Qtr FY 85
Complete Installation	3rd Qtr FY 85

Scope of Program:	FY 19	81 & Year	PY 19 Curren	82 It Year	FY 196 Budget 1		FY 19 Budget	84 : Year + 1	Fut Yes	ure rs	Tot Pros	
PIP 1-79-03-0119	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt	Qty	Amt
MIPA ROTE		1.3		5		1.1	16	8.3		.s	16	8.3 2.9

Basis for Cost Estimate: Prices of similar devices used in computers currently being manufactured.

Method of Implementation: Field installation by depot team.

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MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

Section 12

Multiyear Procurement

Criteria for Selection

Acquisition Strategy Comparative Summary

Funding Plan

Impact of Inflation on Funding and Savings

Savings and Cost Avoidance

Impact on Industrial Base

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EXHIBIT NO. 1

CRITERIA FOR SELECTION

MULTIPLE LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (MLRS)

Benefit to the Government - The Multiyear Procurement Plan for MLRS includes a Five Year Multiyear Contract (FY 83-87) with two severable options for procurement in FY 88 and FY 89. The plan shows a savings of \$101 million resulting from advanced purchase of materials in economic lots, \$27 million from program stability, and \$65 million in cost growth avoidance for the system prime and his subcontractors. The resulting total savings/cost avoidance of \$193 million on a procurement quantity of 334,356 rockets represents a quantifiable savings and cost avoidance of 11.5 per cent on a contract of \$1.684 billion. The Multiyear Procurement Plan also provides for Vought Corporation, the MLRS prime contractor, to bid the Multiyear Program while there are still sufficient time and quantities to develop a second source. If Vought's multiyear proposal does not reflect the highly advantageous unit costs which were projected by both Boeing and Yought during the highly competitive Validation Phase, the Army would be able to release a competitively structured Request for Proposal (RFP) to potential second sources. While the benefit to the Government of the threat of a second source is not precisely quantiflable, the Project Manager has included a savings of 5 per cent of the contract value in his estimate. However, creeping .cost growth has traditionally been a problem in annual contracts with no second source threat. A cost growth of 10 per it in the contract would raise the cost of this program another 188 million dollars. The total savings/cost avoidance the Government of the MLRS Multiyear Plan would then be \$381 million over the period of the plan, or 22.6 per cent of

the procurement cost covered by the Multiyear Plan.

Stability of Requirement - Risk - Low - The total program requirement for MLRS rockets projected in 1977 at the Defense Systems Acquisition Review Council I (DSARC I) was 362,832 rockets. Since then, Army Acquisition Objective (AAO) for MLRS has consistently exceeded these quantities and currently stands at

However, taking into account the total force mix and continuing total affordability issues, the Army has programmed 362,832 rockets without change since DSARC I. This proposed multiyear plan would purchase 334,356 rockets, thus filling out the Army's planned program up to 362,832 rockets. The decision to accelerate the development deployment of MLRS was made at DSARC I, based on the

The demonstrated performance of the MLES during the Validation Phase has confirmed the management decision to accelerate

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rogram. As a result of the successful Validation Phase the US requirement for MLRS has become even more stable. In ition to the US requirement, the Allied requirement for MLRS, and probable Foreign Military Sales, has solidified as a result of the Validation Phase testing. The inclusion of vertical options in the Multiyear Plan assures the capability of meeting any additional US requirements, as well as foreign needs.

- 3. Funding Stability Risk Low The criticality of the need for the MLRS system has resulted in a high priority for MLRS on the Army requirements list. The MLRS program is fully programmed for in the approved FYDP and extended planning annexes at the levels necessary to support this multiyear contract. MLRS is being considered for addition to the Army's stable programs listing because there is a strong consensus in the Army for its need and because it has been managed in an efficient and orderly business manner. The Multiyear contract will be firm-fixed price so that the funding requirement will be stabilated and it will be a firm policy of the Army Missile Command to hold contract changes to an absolute minimum. The risk on the annual contracting approach is rated as moderate to high because the threat of competition will be lost and because annual renegotiation is likely to result in increasingly higher negotiated costs each year.
- 4. Stable Configuration Risk Low The relative simplicity of the MLRS design, the large degree of previously applied technology and the successful testing during Validation and, thus far in the Maturation, Phases indicate few, if any, changes to the system configuration. In Validation Phase Development Test/Operational Test (DT/OT) Testing, MLRS has already monstrated most of its Decision Coordinating Paper (DCP) required performance objectives and sufficientedesign maturity to tify a decision by the Secretary of Defense to award four years worth of production contracts to Vought. The concurrent curation design phase is to refine the configuration of the validation phase system and to fire sufficient rockets in an operational environment to obtain the statistical confidence necessary to refine the rocket ballistic algorithm and fully qualify the production line. A fully audited and flight qualified Technical Data Package (TDP) will be under Government control prior to award of the multiyear contract and it will be the basis for the contract.
- 5. Cost Confidence Risk Low The MLRS record on system cost is clearly represented in the Selected Acquisition Report (SAR) which shows the currently proposed total system cost below the original program estimate, despite the addition of 57 more launchers to the Program. The System Baseline Cost Estimate (BCE) was completely updated at DSARC III and validated to level one by the Army and OSD Cost Analysis Improvement Groups. As data points, the Army has the Design to Unit Production Cost (DTUPC) unit cost proposals made by both Yought and Boeing for each fiscal year of the production run submitted in the validation phase competition. (The values are extremely close and, therefore, mutually confirming.) The Government also had an independent study of the prime contractor DTUPC's done during the validation phase competition and the study validated the contractor estimates. In addition, during the validation phase competition, the prime contractor proposed on and was awarded four years worth of production contracts. Three years of these are currently in force and are within cost. There are two principal reasons even above these, however, for cost confidence. First, Yought will be proposing with the clear understanding that they must be consistent with their validation phase DTUPC projections or the Army

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ill reconsider developing second source rather than a Multiyear contract with Vought. Second, to completely insure costs are accurate and under control, the multiyear contract will be firm-fixed price and all projected savings as well as the decision to award the full multiyear to Vought or to develop a second source will be made based on Vought's firm proposal for the multiyear—rather than on Government cost estimates. The risk on the annual contracting approach is rated as moderate to high because the threat of competition will be lost and because annual renegotiation is likely to result in increasingly higher negotiated costs each year.

6. Degree of Confidence in Contractor Capability - Vought has consistently met its contract performance requirements from the inception of this program while maintaining a strong commitment to cost control and staying on schedule. The validation phase of the program was completed on schedule, met all contract performance criteria and was completed within the project budget. The three current production contracts are all in excellent cost and schedule position. The familiarity of the contractor with the free flight rocket system over the lifetime of the LANCE missile system which it produced was the basis for the contractor's initial work on MLRS. Its demonstrated performance throughout the Validation Phase, and thus far in the Maturation R&D Phase, and the concurrent low rate production, increase that degree of confidence. The \$50 million investment made by Vought and its two principal subcontractors to collocate is a positive factor in considering the contractor's capability. The very obvious effort and investment required and subsequently made to automate the production facility, including the extensive use of consultation with automation experts from outside their corporation, indicates a degree of ommitment by the contractor to successfully produce the weapons system desired by the Army at a competitive price.

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EXHIBIT NO. 2

ACQUISITION STRATEGY COMPARATIVE SUMMARY (U)

	ANNUAL CONTRACTS Rockets/Launchers	MYP <u>Alt</u>
Number Units	334,356/149	334,356/149**
Total Contract Price	1877.1***	1683.7
Cancellation Ceiling	0	素素素素
\$ Savings/Cost Avoidance	0	193.4
\$ Savings/Cost Avoidance	0	11.5%
isk Related Factors*	RISK	RISK 1
Requirements Stability	Low	Lov
Funding Stability	Moderate/High	Low
. Configuration Stability	Low	Low
Cost Confidence	Moderate/High	Low

NOTE: "An explanation of the risk assessment for each factor is included in the exhibit which addresses the "Criteria for Selection" (Exhibit 1).

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^{**}Option will be structured for possible additional 60 POMCUS/War Reserve Units.

EXHIBIT NO. 2 (Continued)

ACQUISITION STRATEGY COMPARATIVE SUMMARY (U)

- ***Cost growth in a sole source annual environment is included at 5%. If setual cost growth was greater, cost avoidance would be higher by \$18 million for each additional per cent of cost growth and add 1.0% to the savings/cost avoidance achieved.
- ****The program budget for advanced materials is equal to the termination/cancellation liability value for the advanced materials ordered in each fiscal year. Therefore, the cancellation ceiling is funded in the budget and is a floating value equal to the budget less accumulated billings.

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EXHIBIT NO. 3

				FUNDING	PLAN (TOT	AL PROGRA	M) (U)		
ANNUAL PROPOSAL	PRIOR	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	<u> 1987</u> -	TO COMPLETE	TOTAL
QUANTITY	3714	2496	23,640	36,000	50,472	72,000	72,000	102,510	362,832
FUNDING	175.6	180.5	368.9	471.6	515.6	660.6	594.2	952.9	3919.9
NET REQUEST ADVANCE FUNDING FY84-89	ADVANC	E FUNDII	NG NOT API	PLICABLE T	O BASELIN	ie murs an	NUAL PRO	GRAM	
TOTAL BUDGET REQUEST	175.6	180.5	368.9	471.6	515.6	660.6	594.2	952.9	3919.9
MULTIYEAR PROPOSAL								•	
QUANTITY	3714	2496	23,640	36,000	50,472	72,000	72,000	102,510	362,832
AMOUNT	175.6	180.5	368.9	494.2*	525.9*	574.2	555.8	851.4	3726.5
LESS ADVANCE FUNDING				(32.6)	(23.9)	(56.6)	(61.8)	(110.0)	(284.9)
ADVANCE FUNDING			+53.2	+104.9* +13.9	+126.8*				284.9
1985 1986			+10.0 +10.6	+18.9	+27.1				
1987				+31.0	+30.8			•	
1988				+41.1	+29.4				
1989					+39.5				
TOTAL BUDGET REQUEST	175.6	180.5	422.1	566.5	628.8	517.6	494.0	741.4	3726.5
PROPOSED SAVINGS/ COST AVOIDANCE		•	-53.2	- 94.9	-113.2	+143.0	+100.2	+211.5	+193.4

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EXHIBIT NO. 3 (Continued)

FUNDING PLAN (TOTAL PROGRAM) (U) (Continued)

TOTAL PROGRAM OUTLAYS	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	TOTAL
ANNUAL	. 3.6	67.8	297.5	468.4	568.7	606.2	588.3	404.7	153.6	46.9	18.6	3.0	3227.3
. MULTIYEAR	9.4	104.2	372.5	539.3	528.2	508.7	480.9	317.8	119.5	36.9	14.2	2.3	3033.9
NI REPOENCE	-5.8	-16.4	-75.0	-70.9	+40.5	+97.5	+107.4	+86.9	+34.1	+10.0	+4.4	+.7	+193.4

"Subsequent to submission of the President's Budget, it was determined that \$33.1 million in FY 84 and \$32.0 million in FY 85 were erroneously included in the Procurement vice Advance Procurement line item. The total Annual Funded Requests remain the same. Advance Procurement offsets in following years must be adjusted accordingly. The total cost and savings/cost avoidance remain unchanged from the President's Budget.

NOTE: FY 83 contains both annual and multiyear contract awards. Subsequent exhibits provide data for Multiyear vs Annual contract/program values within FY 83.

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EXHIBIT NO. 3 (Continued) FUNDING PLAN (MULTIYEAR CONTRACT) (U)

AMMUAL PROPOSAL	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	TO COMPLETE	TOTAL
•						102 (10	224 254
END ITEM QUANTITY	1374	36,000	50,472	72,000	72,000	102,510	334,356
FUNDING	. 26.4	254.8	272.2	422.0	349.5	552.2	1877.1
NET REQUEST ADVANCE FUNDING FY 84-89	ADVANC	E FUNDING	NOT APPL	.ICABLE TO	Baseline	MLRS ANNUAL 1	PROGRAM
TOTAL REQUEST	26.4	254.8	272.2	422.0	349.5	552.2	1877.1
MULTIYEAR PROPOSAL							
. END ITEM QUANTITY	1374	36,000	50,472	72,000	72,000	102,510	344,356
AMOUNT	26.4	277.4*	282.5*	335.6	311.1	450-7	1683.7
LESS ADVANCE FUNDING		(32.6)	(23.9)	(56.6)	(61.8)	(110.0)	(284.9)
ADVANCE FUNDING	+53.2	+104.9*	+126.8*	•			284.9
1984	+32.6						
1985*	+10.0	+13.9					
1986	+10.6	+18.9	+27.1				
1987 1988		+31.0 +41.1	+30.8 +29.4				•
1989		74101	+39.5				
TOTAL BUDGET REQUEST	79.6	349.7	385.4	279.0	249.3	340.7	1683.7
PROPOSED SAVINGS/ COST AVOIDANCE	-53.2	-94.9	-113.2	÷143.0	+100.2	+211.5	+193.4

ice (*) Footnote at bottom of second page, Exhibit 3.

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EXHIBIT NO. 3 (Continued)

FUNDING PLAN (MULTIYEAR CONTRACT) (U) (Continued)

			1095	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	TOTAL
TOTAL PROGRAM OUTLAYS	1983	1984	1985				242 6	226.5	90.2	27.3	10.8	1.8	1877.1
AHNUAL	. 2.9	40.9									4.6	- 9	1683.7
	8.8	17.5	237.7	328.4	300.4	265.8	234.7	149.8	56.0				
MULTIYEAR	- 0.0		خنتنت			L07 S	±1.07.9	+86.7	+34.2	+10.2	+4.2	+.9	+193.4
-	-5.9	-16.6	-75.0	-70 . 9	+40.2	471.3	120.00	,					

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EXHIBIT NO. 4

IMPACT OF INFLATION ON FUNDING AND SAVINGS (U)

(\$ IN MILLIONS)

	TOTAL MULTIYEAR CONTRACT	TOTAL PROCRAM	TOTAL SAVINGS
+ 2%	1717.4	3094.6	197.3
+ 12	1700.6	3064.2	195.3
BUDGET	1683.7	3033.9	193.4
- 12	1666.8	3003.4	191.5
- 2%	1650.0	2973.2	189.5

Assumes hase Year FY 83 for development of composite index.

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INCLOSURE 1 TO EXHIBIT NO. 4

INFLATION ADJUSTMENTS (U)

TOA (\$ IN MILLIONS)

	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87	FY 88	FY 89	TOTAL
MULTIYEAR PLAN								
CONTRACT	81.2	356.7	393.1	284.6	254.3	240.4	107.1	1717.4
+ 2%	80.4	353.2	389.3	281.8	251.8	238.0	106.1	1700.6
+ 1%	79.6	349.7	385.4	279.0	249.3	235.7	105.0	1683.7
BUDGET	78.8	346.2	381.5	276.2	246.8	233.3	104.0	1666.8
- 1% - 2%	78.0	342.7	377.7	273.4	244.3	231.0	102.9	1650.0
TOTAL PROGRAM							234.4	3094.6
+ 2%	87.3	577.8	641.4	528.0	503.9	521.8		3064.2
+ 17	86.5	572.2	635.0	522.8	498.9	516.7	232.1	3033.9
"IDGET	85.6	566.5	628.8	517.6	494.0	511.6	229.8	3003.4
- 12	84.7	560.8	622.5	512.4	489.0	506.5	227.5	2973.2
- 2%	83.9	555.2	616.2	507.2	484.1	501.4	225.2	29/3.2
ANNUAL PLAN		•				•		
CONTRACT		249.7	277.6	430.4	356.5	382.1	191.4	1914.6
+ 2%	26.9		274.9	426.2	353.0	378.3	189.5	1895.8
+ 1%	26.7	247.2	272.2	422.0	349.5	374.6	187.6	1877.1
BUDGET	26.4	244.8	269.5	417.8	346.0	370.9	185.7	1858.4
- 12	26.1	242.4		413.6	342.5	367.1	183.8	1839.6
- 2%	25.9	239.9	266.8	413.0	34243	507.1		
TOTAL PROGRAM	. 22.0	470.8	525.9	673.8	606.1	663.5	318.6	3291.7
+ 2%	33.0		520.8	667.2	600.1	657.0	315.5	3259.5
+ 1%	32.7	466.2	515.6	660.6	594.2	650.5	312.4	3227.3
BUDGET	32.4	461.6	510.4	654.0	588.3	644.0	309.3	3195.1
- 12	32.1	457.0		647.4	582.3	637.5	306.2	3162.9
· - 2%	31.8	452.4	505.3	977.7	JUL - 3	03/13		

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EXBLBIT NO. 5

SAVINGS AND COST AVOIDANCE (U)

	FY 83	FY 84	FY 85	FY 86	FY 87	FY 88	FY 89	TOTAL
QUANTITY (Rocket/Launcher)	1374/0	36,000/76	50,472/44	72,000/29	72,000/0	72,000/0	30,510/0	334,356/149
ANNUAL CONTRACT*	26.4	254.8	272.2	422.0	349.5	374.6	177.6	1877.1
MULTIYEAR CONTRACT .	79.6	349.7	385.4	279.0	249.3	235.7	105.0	1683.7
DIFFERENCE	-53.2	-94.9	-113.2	+143.0	+100.2	+138.9	+72.6	+193.4

\$ IN MILLIONS

SOURCE OF SAVINGS	
Inflation	*
Vendor Procurement	99
anufacturing	27 .
Design/Engineering	-
Tool Design	-
Support Equipment	2
Other	65**

^{*} Escalation is considered in the other categories.

^{**}Cost Growth in a sole source annual environment included at 5%. If actual cost growth were greater, cost avoidance would be higher by 18 million each additional per cent of cost growth. Examples are as follows:

0	Savings/Cost Avoidance - Base estimate of savings -	\$193.4 million
0	Savings/Cost Avoidance - 5% Additional Cost Growth -	\$287.0 million
0	Savings/Cost Avoidance - 10% Additional Cost Growth -	\$381.0 million
0	Savings/Cost Avoidance - 15% Additional Cost Growth -	\$475.0 million

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EXHIBIT NO. 5 (Continued)

SAVINGS AND COST AVOIDANCE (RATIONALE) (U)

Vendor Procurement - Based on Vought studies conducted with their vendors and suppliers, advance procurement of materials in economic lot sizes is expected to yield a savings of 99 million dollars in the total cost of purchasing the remaining rockets and launchers programmed for MLRS. Initial Vought planning indicates that savings are available on motor cases, warhead skins, rocket and launcher structures and connectors and various other materials. These savings are largely available because suppliers are able to operate at more efficient production rates and line up volume economic purchases of their raw materials.

Manufacturing - Vought and its major suppliers have invested 50 million dollars to establish a highly automated, modern facility at Camden, Arkansas. The proposed multiyear contract plan will cause these contractors to operate the final assembly areas at the maximum efficient two shift capability of the facility. With the multiyear contract in place, the contractors will be able to smooth out operations in supporting production areas to their most efficient levels. In addition, stabilization of the work at Camden should provide the major contractors with a base of production at Camden from which to expand to additional programs/operations which will share overhead costs and, thereby reduce total system costs. The Army estimates the potential savings here at 1.5 per cent of the projected contract value or 27 million values.

Design Engineering - The MLRS system design has had unit cost pressure on it since the earliest program stages. The Design to Unit Cost Program and the Validation Phase competition succeeded in reducing rocket unit cost by approximately 25 per cent. The system design is being validated and the Technical Data Package and production line are being qualified in the current test program phase. The Army, therefore, believes most of the potential savings in the design have already been realized. Nevertheless, a value engineering provision is planned for the Multiyear Contract and individual cost saving design changes will be evaluated to compare the potential savings against the cost of qualifying the change and revising the tooling to accommodate it.

Tool Design - The competitive pressure in the development plan competition caused Vought and their major suppliers to design and invest 50 million dollars in a highly automated production system which minimizes touch labor requirements in manufacturing and final assembly process. The multiyear contract, as proposed, will utilize these tools and manufacturing systems at the most efficient two shift rate of the facility. Therefore, no additional savings are projected in the multiyear itself. However, a value engineering provision is planned for the multiyear and individual cost savings for tooling changes in Government owned tools will be evaluated to compare the potential savings against the cost of changing the tooling and requalifying the hardware.

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Support Equipment - A savings of approximately two million dollars is projected by purchasing 20 million dollars worth of suprt equipment as part of the multiyear contract. The savings in this area are expected to accrue from reduced shared erhead costs with the basic system, planning fabrication to the extent feasible at times when resources are available from basic hardware areas, and economic ordering of materials along with launcher system hardware.

Other - Competitive Threat of Second Source - Although considerable pressure has already been created on the hardware unit prices, the Army believes that Vought will reduce their profit and overhead and operating expense proposals in an attempt to win this multiyear contract and avoid a second source competition. Because of the previous competition, the Army is estimating this savings at 5 per cent, compared to what would be seen on annual sole source contracts. If cost growth in an annual contract were projected at more than 5 per cent, then the cost avoidance attributable to the multiyear would be greatly increased as illustrated at the bottom of the first page of Exhibit 5.

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EXHIBIT NO. 6

IMPACT ON INDUSTRIAL BASE (U)

Improved Competition - The MLRS system was competed in the Validation Phase between Boeing and Vought, each of whom was supported by a team of subcontractors. During that competition, the expected unit cost of the MLRS rocket (which comprises over 90 per cent of the projected acquisition cost) was reduced by approximately 25 per cent by both competitors and the performance thresholds for the system were demonstrated in competitive firing of prototype systems.

The success of this competition was, in large measure, a result of both contractors pulling out all stops in an effort to win a 3-plus billion dollar production run. Some of the measures taken are listed below:

- 1. Created separate divisions to offload high corporate overhead.
- 2. Located in low cost labor areas.
- 3. Collocated with motor subcontractors to reduce transportation costs.
- 4. Adopted automated production systems to minimize labor.
- 5. Invested corporate funds.
- 6. Used deferred methods of amortizing their investments vice accelerated methods.
- 7. Negotiated fixed price contracts with subcontractors.
- 8. Agreed to low profit percentages and Fixed Price Incentive contracts with low price ceilings.
- 9. Took ceilings on their development contracts and invested corporate money in the development.

The Army feels that, with much pressure already created on the unit price, a large additional unit cost reduction is highly unlikely even in a further competition. Therefore, a multiyear contract bid under the threat of establishing a second source has several advantages:

- 1. It forces the proposer to bid low in order to avoid the second source competition.
- 2. It avoids cost growth by signing him up Firm Fixed Price.

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- 3. It demonstrates to industry that after having competed all out initially to win a production program, the Governnt will give them a chance at cementing the production run via a good multiyear proposal before they are re-exposed to
 appetition. This will enhance the willingness of companies to draw down to their bottom line in development phase competitions like MLRS.
- 4. It allows us to make bur final decision to go to a second source or not, based on a firm proposal from the contractor rather than Covernment cost estimates.

Enhanced Investment - During the competitive validation phase of MLRS, Vought and its supporting vendors committed to invest 50 million dollars in capital facilities and tools to establish a production facility at Camden, Arkansas. They have now established these facilities and are in the process of initial production operations. Also, Vought has devised its overhead structure to amortize this investment over the entire production run of 362,832 rockets rather than on some other accelerated basis. These two investments by Vought are of considerable value to the Government.

The completion of MLRS via a long term commitment in a multiyear contract will cement these plans at Vought and encourage. further investment by Vought and its vendors. However, equally significant it will provide a signal to industry that near term investments and risks, when the project is managed well, can result in a long term business commitment from the Government. Some positive examples like this one should greatly enhance industrial willingness to make such investments.

provement on Vendor Skill Levels - A chronic problem in industry has been the repeated expansion and contraction of business in a manner that forces cycles during releasing and hiring and requalifying vendor production personnel. The result has often been uneven in personnel and product quality. A multiyear contract with Vought will allow them to make long term commitments with vendors, including small business vendors, which will enable those companies to maintain an even workload and thereby retain a qualified, experienced staff. This should show benefits in improved quality and more efficient operations. MLRS project representatives expect to see some evidence of this in the Vought and subcontractor proposals for the multiyear.

Use of Multiyear Contractors (Vendors) - The use of a Firm Fixed Price Multiyear contract with Vought will result in a dollar of profit for Vought for each dollar it is able to save in operating costs and, conversely, a lost dollar of profit for each dollar of inefficiency. This will provide them with maximum incentive to improve the efficiency of their operation and those of their vendors. On a case by case basis, this end may be best served by (1) using multiyear subcontracts to establish the same sort of stable long term business environment for its vendors as it has in its multiyear or (2) running yearly competitions to reduce costs.

Vought's initial planning in this area is to use multiyear contracts for items such as motor production, center core burster parts, etc., where the item is generally peculiar to MLRS configurations and industrial base and efficiency are best

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served by a long term business commitment; where materials are not necessarily peculiar and readily available on the marketlace, such as rivets and raw stock materials, Yought plans competitive procurement.

where leadtimes are long or industrial capacity is scarce, Vought is also considering multiyear subcontracts as a method of enhancing its position in ordering sequences.

The detailed plans for this are only now being worked out by Vought. However, the Government will be requesting a complete make/buy Plan as a part of the Vought multiyear proposal and a detailed explanation of their plans in this area will be required for evaluation by the Government.

Training Program - Training programs both at Vought and its vendor suppliers include off line courses in such areas as welding, riveting, numerically controlled machine operation, automatic transfer line operation and quality acceptance procedures. However, strong emphasis is placed on on-the-job (OJT) training in the actual work environment. This can only be accomplished by skilled workers who have gained sufficient level of expertise to properly instruct incoming personnel. The stabilized work load offered by the multiyear contract commitment in the proposed contract will enable Vought and its vendors to retain the highly skilled individuals required for these OJT programs. The firm fixed price nature of the contracts will create a dollar of profit for the contractors for each dollar they save in operating costs. This will provide great incentive to the contractors to upgrade the skill and performance levels of the workers necessary to increase efficiency and productivity; all of which will enhance the total industrial readiness of the firms involved.

<u>rogress Payment Changes</u> — A substantial amount of the savings presently projected by Vought and their vendors results from economic lot size procurements of such materials/subcomponents as motor cases, warhead skins, launcher cables and connectors and rocket and pod structures. In today's interest environment, this is feasible for these contractors only if progress payments cover 100 per cent of the advance materials purchased. With interest rates at 18-25 per cent, the necessity to borrow even 10 per cent of the proposed advance purchases for several years would substantially erode the savings available from these economic buys and discourage them. Since approximately 65 per cent of the cost of MLRS hardware is tied up in purchased components and materials, similar progress payment provisions are likely to be required in Vought vendor subcontracts.

Increased Production Car city - The ability to make economic buys will enhance the industrial efficiency of the vendors and having the materials on hand at Yought will greatly shorten the leadtime necessary for them to expand production rates in the event of a sudden increased Army need.

First, economic savings projected on these buys is possible because the vendors are able to operate existing capacity at its most efficient levels, thereby reducing the price to us while enhancing their profits. The large business base represented by this contract should provide these vendors with the incentive and the funds to expand operations and increase their overall production capabilities.

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Second, at Yought, the proposed contract provides for purchase of the rockets at the designed, most efficient rate of the facity, i.e., 6,000 rockets per month on a 2 shift, 8 hour, five day week. However, the facility has a surge capability well nove this rate on a 3 shift, 7 day week. With the advance materials on hand at Yought for future buys, in a mobilization situation Yought could begin producing at surge rates much more rapidly than if the materials had to be ordered. This would greatly assist our immediate mobilization readiness and buy time for vendors to gear up to higher rates and begin feeding the Yought line at the higher rates.

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MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY
Appendix

Consultants, Studies and Analyses, and Management Support Contracts

Exhibit PB-21, Special Analysis

Nerrative Justification

1

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FY 1963 PRESIDENT'S BUDGET PB-21, SPECIAL ANALYSIS CONSULTANTS, STUDIES AND ANALYSES AND HARAGINENT SUPPORT CONTRACTS (DULLANS IN HHAPPARAPY)

(VOLUME)			
APPROPRIATION: MISSILE PROCUREMENT,	ARHY	5/	ATE: 01/25/82
.	FY 1701	EA 1485	FY 1983
A. EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS .	 .	_	
1. PERSONNEL APPOINTPENTS	-	• •	•
A. EXPERTS	•	-	:
6. CONSULTANTS (1) FEDERAL ADVISORY CONNITTEE MEMBERS	-	-	-
(2) ALL OTHER APPOINTED CONSULTANTS	-	-	-
E. CONTRACT CONSULTANTS	-	-	-
B. CONTRACT STUDIES & AMALYSES			
1. CONSULTING SERVICES	-	•	-
2. OTHER	-		. •
C. PROFESSIONAL AND HAMAGEMENT SERVICES BY CONTRACT	3.356	7.159	-
1. PROGRAM HANAGEMENT SUPPORT	-	•	-
A. CONSULTING SERVICES B. OTHER	:	:	-
2. POLICY REVIEW AND DEVELOPMENT	3,358	7,150	-
A. CONSULTING SERVICES B. OTHER	(3,356)	(7,150)	:
3. SPECIFICATION DEVELOPMENT	-	•	•
A. COMBULTING SERVICES B. OTHER	:	. :	:
. 4. SYSTEMS ENGINEERING	•	· -	-
A. COMBULTING SERVICES B. OTHER	•	Ξ	:

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PPROPRIATION: MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARM	TY .	0.	ATE: 01/25/82
	FY 1981	FY 1982	FY 1963
S, TECHNOLOGY SHARING/ UTILIZATION	-	•	-
A. CONSULTING SERVICES B. OTHER	:	:	-
6. LOGISTIC SUPPORT SERVICES	-	-	-
A. CONSULTING SERVICES B. OTHER	· :	=	:
7. TECHNICAL DATA COLLECTION	•	-	-
A. CONSULTING SERVICES B. OTHER	:	٠:	:
8. PUBLIC RELATIONS AND ADVERTISING	-	•	•
A. CONSULTING SERVICES B. OTHER	:	:	:
9. OTHER PROFESSIONAL AND HAMABEHENT SERVICES BY CONTRACT	•	•	-
A. CONSULTING SERVICES . B. OTHER	:	. :	-
D. CONTRACT ENGINEERING TECHNICAL SERVICES (CETS)			
1. CONTRACT PLANT SERVICES	-	•	-
2. CONTRACT FIELD SERVICES	-	•	-
3. FIELD SERVICE REFRESENTATIVES	- .	<u> </u>	` -
TOTAL .	3,350	7.150	-

1982

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APPROPRIATION: HISSILE PROCUREMENT	, AMM PY 1981	FY 1962	DATE: 01/25/62 FY 1983
acoustic EV			
E. SURMARY	_	-	-
1. PERSONAL SERVICES CONTRACTS	_		
	-	-	-
2. CONTRACT CONSULTING SERVICES		7.150	•
3. OTHER CONTRACT SERVICES	3,358	71124	•
•	_	-	-
4. PERSONNEL APPOINTMENTS	_	•	
. THE AL	1,353	7,159	

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MISSILE PROCUREMENT, ARMY

NARRATIVE JUSTIFICATION

CONSULTANTS, STUDIES AND ANALYSES AND MANAGEMENT SUPPORT CONTRACTS

- 1. The funds reported in Management and Professional Services provide support in the Patriot Air Defense Systems Program. The efforts provide an independent means of validating and verifying software, a cost effective means of determining weapon system effectiveness, and modification and maintenance of a computer simulation model.
- 2. Without these contract services, there would be no independent means of determining the suitability of software prior to its incorporation into the system and the weapon's effectiveness would have to be measured in a "real world" environment.
- 3. "Real world" measurement was considered and rejected due to the prohibitive cost. Even if funds were available, the lack of equipment to perform the exercise would prohibit the procedures.

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END DATE FILMED

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